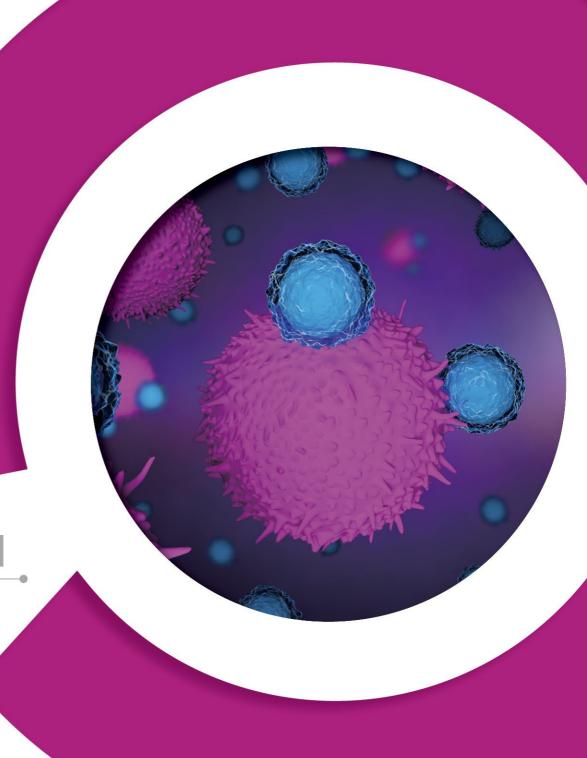
AACR 2022 Data Read-out

INVESTOR RELATIONS 2022



April, 2022





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Poster Presentation at



1. Combo therapy with Anti-TIGIT(YH29143), and anti-VEGF(Aflibercept),

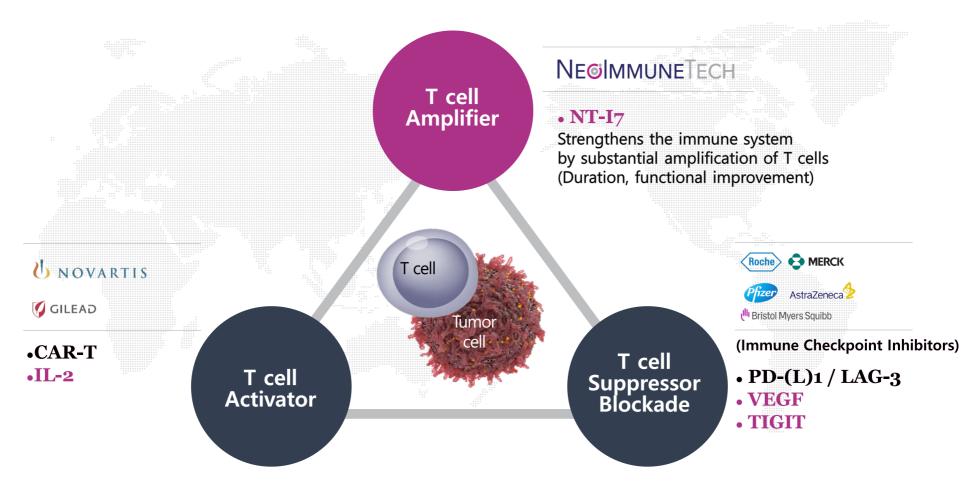
Poster #4172

- The anti-tumor effect of double combo therapy (NT-I7+anti-TIGIT, NT-I7+anti-VEGF)
- The anti-tumor effect of triple combo therapy (NT-I7+anti-TIGIT+anti-PD-1)
- Increase of tumor specific(PD-1+ CD8+) T cells inducing anti-tumor activity in tumor

2. Combo therapy with hIL-2/TCB2c complex(SCL-3010), Poster #4199

- The anti-tumor effect of doublet combo therapy (NT-I7+IL-2 combo)
- Increase of tumor specific(PD-1+ CD8+) T cells inducing anti-tumor activity in tumor

Different mechanisms/roles in T cell based immunotherapies



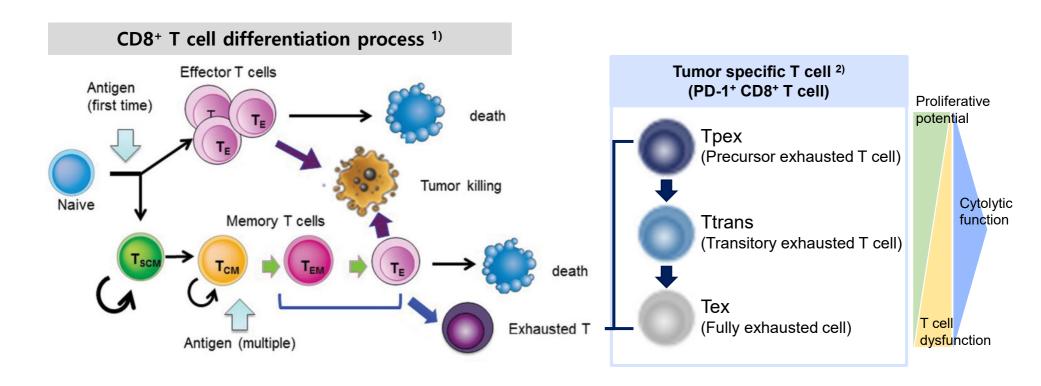
Activates T cells existing in the body and improves anti-tumor activity for a limited period of time. Activation is followed by AICD*.

*AICD: Activation Induced Cell Death

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Helps immune system work normally by blocking the immune suppressors

Classification of T cell by differentiation stages



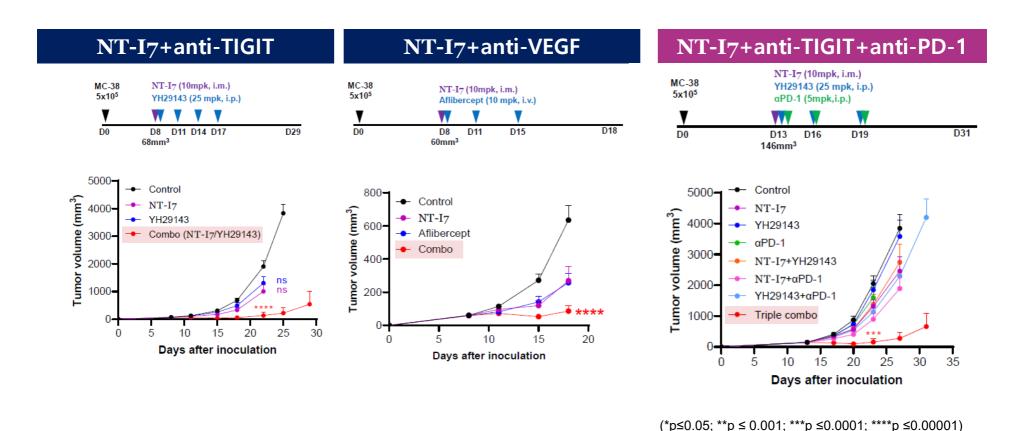
The differentiation process is as follows:

Tpex (Precursor exhausted T cell): T Cell(soldier) with self-renewing ability starts to attack enemy(Tumor) **Ttrans (Transitory exhausted T cell):** T Cell(soldier) with maximum killing(cytotoxic) capacity against enemy(Tumor) **Tex (Fully exhausted T cell):** Dysfunctional/exhausted T cell after fighting with enemy(Tumor)



The anti-tumor effect of NT-I7 double/triple combo therapy

- NT-I7+anti-TIGIT or anti-VEGF combo therapy showed better anti-tumor effects compared to the mono therapy of each
- <u>In particular, the triple combo of NT-I7+anti-TIGIT+anti-PD-1 demonstrated the strongest anti-tumor effect</u>

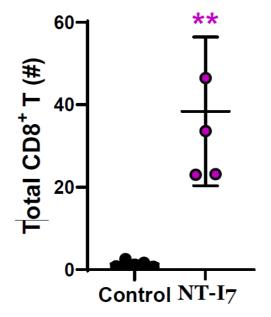




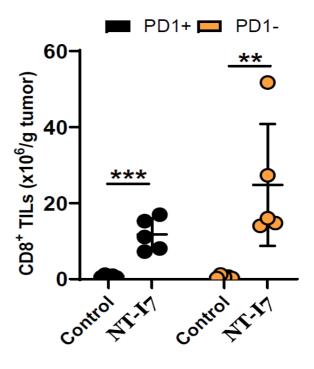
CD8⁺ T cell amplification in NT-I₇ mono therapy

- Tumor-infiltrating CD8+ T cell increased in tumor after NT-I7 injection
- Tumor-specific(PD-1+CD8+) T cell increased inducing anti-tumor effect in tumor

Tumor-infiltrating CD8+ T cells



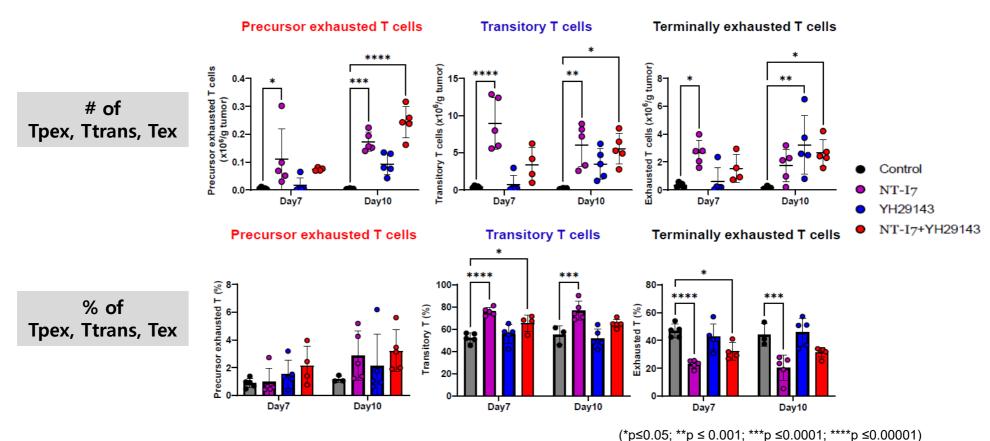
PD1+ CD8+ & PD1- CD8+ TILs



 $(^*p{\le}0.05;\ ^{**}p\le 0.001;\ ^{***}p\le 0.0001;\ ^{****}p\le 0.00001)$

Increase in tumor specific T cell in NT-I7+anti-TIGIT combo

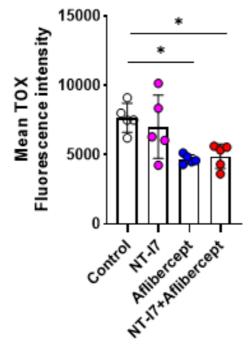
- Tumor specific(PD-1+ CD8+) T cell increased, closely related to anti-tumor effect
- PD-1⁺ CD8⁺ T cell differentiated in order of Tpex > Ttrans > Tex
- <u>In combo therapy, as the number and ratio of Tpex, Ttrans increase, inducing</u> sustained anti-tumor effect



Changes in TOX expression in NT-I7+anti-VEGF combo therapy

- TOX expression is reduced through anti-VEGF, which suppresses T cell exhaustion, and this characteristic contributes to the anti-tumor effect

TOX expression of PD-1+ CD8+ T cells in tumor



 $(p \le 0.05; **p \le 0.001; ***p \le 0.0001; ****p \le 0.00001)$



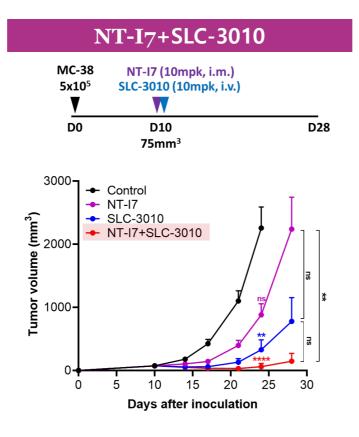
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Anti-tumor effect in NT-I7+IL-2 combo therapy

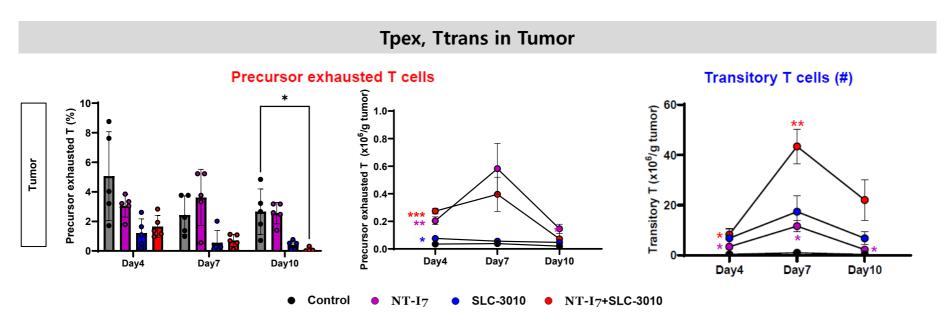
- NT-I7+IL-2 combo therapy showed the strongest anti-tumor effect among different regimens



(*p \leq 0.05; **p \leq 0.001; ***p \leq 0.0001; ****p \leq 0.00001)

Increase in tumor specific T cell when NT-I7+IL-2 combo therapy

- NT-I7 increases Tpex, and IL-2 generates anti-tumor effect by differentiating Tpex into Ttrans and then Tex



 $(p \le 0.05; **p \le 0.001; ***p \le 0.0001; ****p \le 0.00001)$





Key messages

NT-I7 expands its potential as an anti-tumor drug

- 1. First trial of combo study with new substances(anti-TIGIT, anti-VEGF, IL-2) with anti-tumor effect
 - NT-I7, anti-tumor effect found in combo with all three substances
 - Anti-TIGIT demonstrated the anti-tumor effect in first time ever triple combo study with *NT-I7*
- 2. Deeper analysis on T cells provided to describe anti-tumor effect more in depth
 - NT-I7 tumor specific(PD-1+ CD8+) T cell amplification
 - Tpex, Ttrans, closely related to anti-tumor, increased
- 3. Expansion of treatment potential as immuno-oncology enhancing NT-I7's clinical value

Appendix: IL-7 vs IL-2

- IL-2 target effector T cell → Fast but short-term effect
- IL-7 target memory/naïve T cell → Long-term effect

● IL-2	VS	<u> </u>
Common gamma chain	Receptor structure	Common gamma chain
• T cell	Production	Stromal cells in the bone marrow and lymphoid organs (not from T cell)
Activated T cellRegulatory T cell(Treg)	Receptor expression	Naïve T cellMemory T cell
 Stimulation of Effector T cell Increase Treg cells 	Main function	• Homeostatic proliferation (Naïve/Memory T cell, increase Tscm)
 Capillary leakage syndrome (Proleukin) NKTR-214 RP2D: 0.006 mg/kg 	Toxicity	TolerableNT-I7 RP2D: 1.2 mg/kg
 Limitation in doseage due to toxicity (NKTR214+ Opdivo combo, RP2D: 0.006mpk) Activated T cell survival for several weeks, and cell death is followed (AICD: Activation induced cell death) 	Characteristic	 High dose (considering toxicity) (NIT-110, RP2D: 1.2mpk) Tscm increase (known to survive upto 20+ years)

THANK YOU!



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